



# Norfolk

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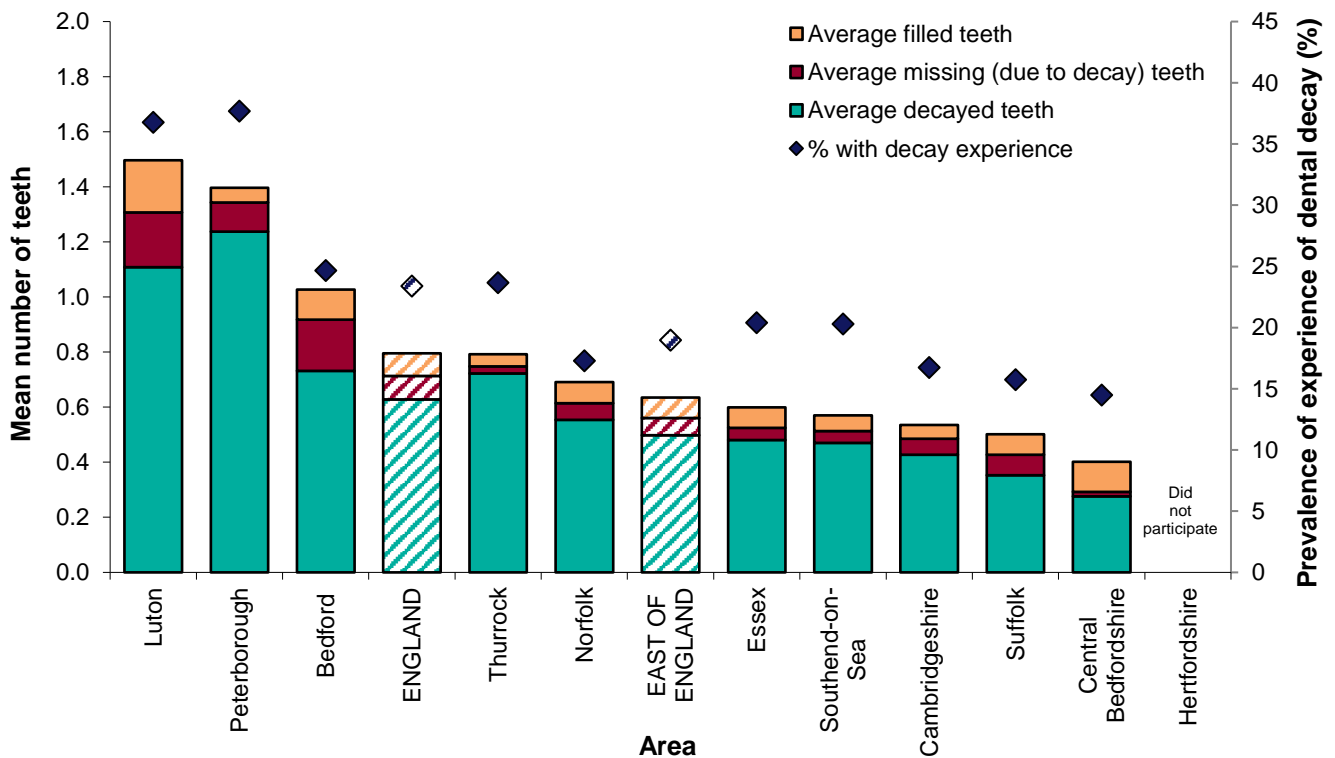
## Oral health of 5-year-old children

This profile describes the oral health of 5-year-olds living in Norfolk. It uses data from the National Dental Epidemiology Programme 2019 survey of 5-year-old children<sup>1</sup>.

The profile is designed to help local government and health services improve the oral health and wellbeing of children and tackle health inequalities.

In Norfolk 1,743 5-year-olds (approximately 66.2% of those sampled) were examined at school by trained and calibrated examiners using the national standard method<sup>2</sup>.

**Figure 1:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay and mean number of teeth with experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Norfolk, other local authorities in the East of England and England.



**Table 1:** Experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Norfolk, other local authorities in the East of England and England.

Local authority	Prevalence of experience of dental decay (%)	Mean number of teeth with experience of dental decay in all examined children n (95% confidence intervals)	Mean number of teeth with experience of dental decay in children with any decay experience n (95% confidence intervals)
Peterborough	37.7	1.4 (1.05 - 1.75)	3.7 (3.03 - 4.38)
Luton	36.8	1.5 (1.16 - 1.84)	4.1 (3.39 - 4.75)
Bedford	24.7	1.0 (0.73 - 1.33)	4.2 (3.40 - 4.92)
Thurrock	23.6	0.8 (0.53 - 1.06)	3.3 (2.63 - 4.07)
England	23.4	0.8 (0.78 - 0.81)	3.4 (3.36 - 3.44)
Essex	20.4	0.6 (0.54 - 0.66)	2.9 (2.73 - 3.15)
Southend-on-Sea	20.3	0.6 (0.34 - 0.80)	2.8 (2.06 - 3.56)
East of England	19.0	0.6 (0.60 - 0.67)	3.3 (3.21 - 3.48)
Norfolk	17.3	0.7 (0.60 - 0.78)	4.0 (3.67 - 4.33)
Cambridgeshire	16.7	0.5 (0.44 - 0.63)	3.2 (2.79 - 3.61)
Suffolk	15.7	0.5 (0.42 - 0.58)	3.2 (2.85 - 3.52)
Central Bedfordshire	14.5	0.4 (0.19 - 0.61)	2.8 (1.81 - 3.74)
Hertfordshire	Did not participate		

**Table 2.** Measures of oral health among 5-year-olds in Norfolk, it's statistical neighbours,<sup>i</sup> the East of England and England.

	Norfolk	Statistical neighbour within East of England: Suffolk	Statistical neighbour comparator 1: Suffolk	East of England	England
Prevalence of experience of dental decay	17.3%	15.7%	15.7%	19.0%	23.4%
Mean number of teeth with experience of dental decay	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8
Mean number of teeth with experience of decay in those with experience of dental decay	4.0	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4
Mean number of decayed teeth in those with experience of dental decay	3.2	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.7
Proportion with active decay	14.6%	13.3%	13.3%	16.3%	20.4%
Proportion with experience of tooth extraction <sup>ii</sup>	1.8%	1.7%	1.7%	1.8%	2.2%
Proportion with dental abscess	0.4%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	1.0%
Proportion with teeth decayed into pulp	2.1%	1.7%	1.7%	2.5%	3.3%
Proportion with decay affecting incisors <sup>iii</sup>	3.3%	2.5%	2.5%	3.5%	5.2%
Proportion with high levels of plaque present on upper front teeth <sup>iv</sup>	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	1.2%

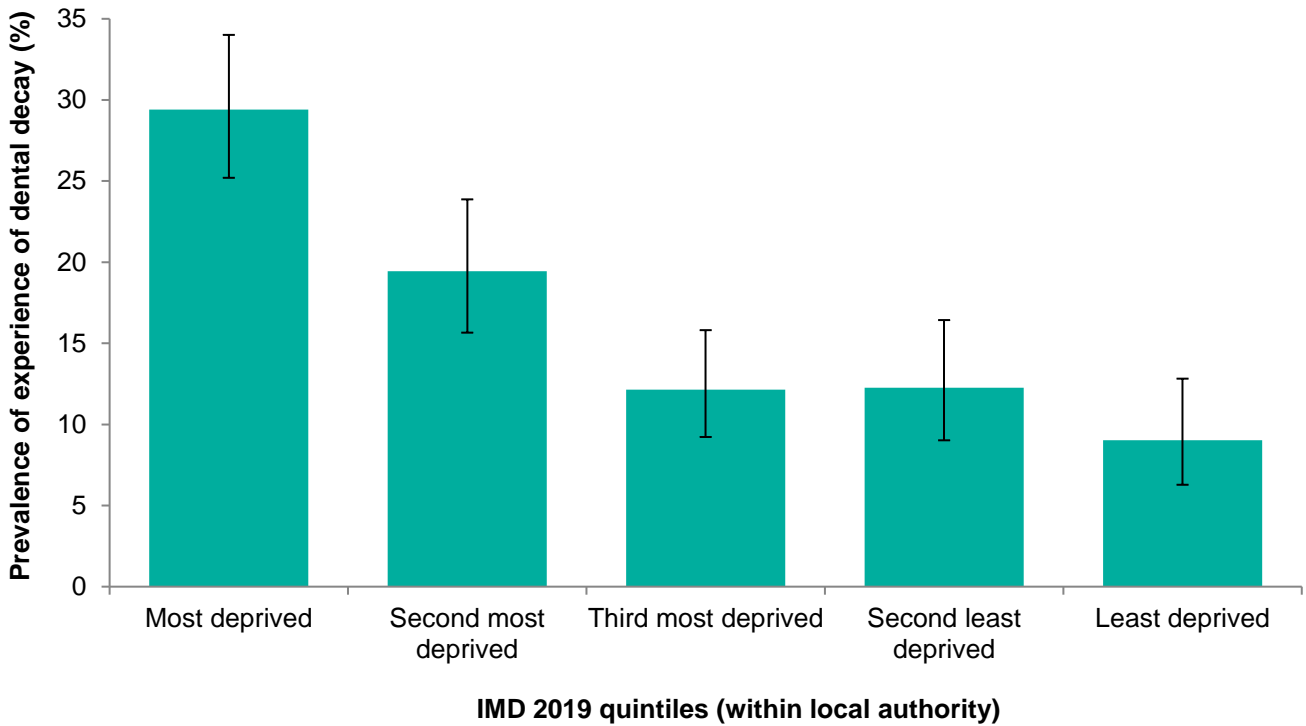
<sup>i</sup> generated by the children's services statistical neighbour benchmarking tool, the neighbour within the East of England has "Extremely Close" comparator characteristics and the national neighbour 1 has "Extremely Close" comparator characteristics<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>ii</sup> experience of extraction of one or more teeth on one or more occasions.

<sup>iii</sup> dental decay involving one or more surfaces of upper anterior teeth.

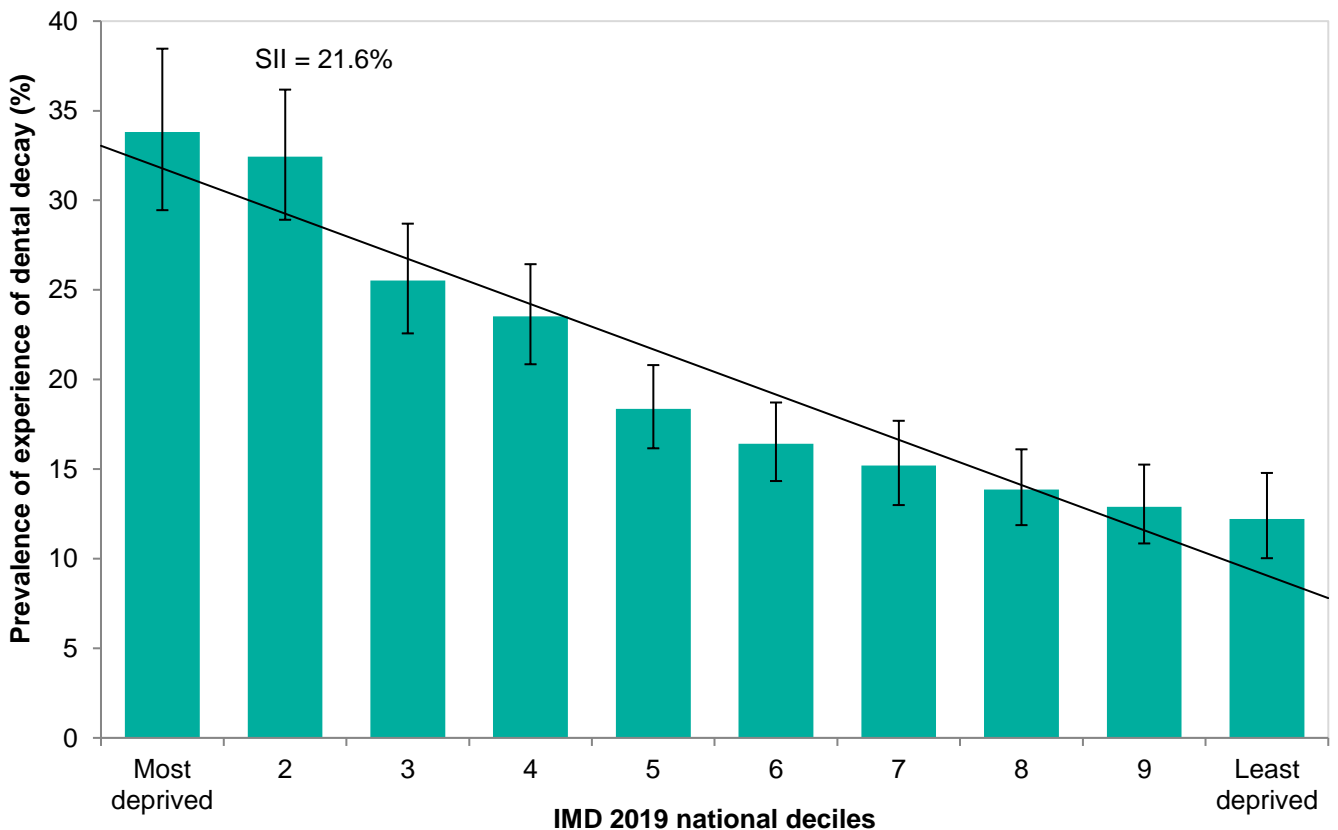
<sup>iv</sup> indicative of poor tooth brushing habits.

**Figure 2:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Norfolk, by local authority Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) 2019 quintiles.



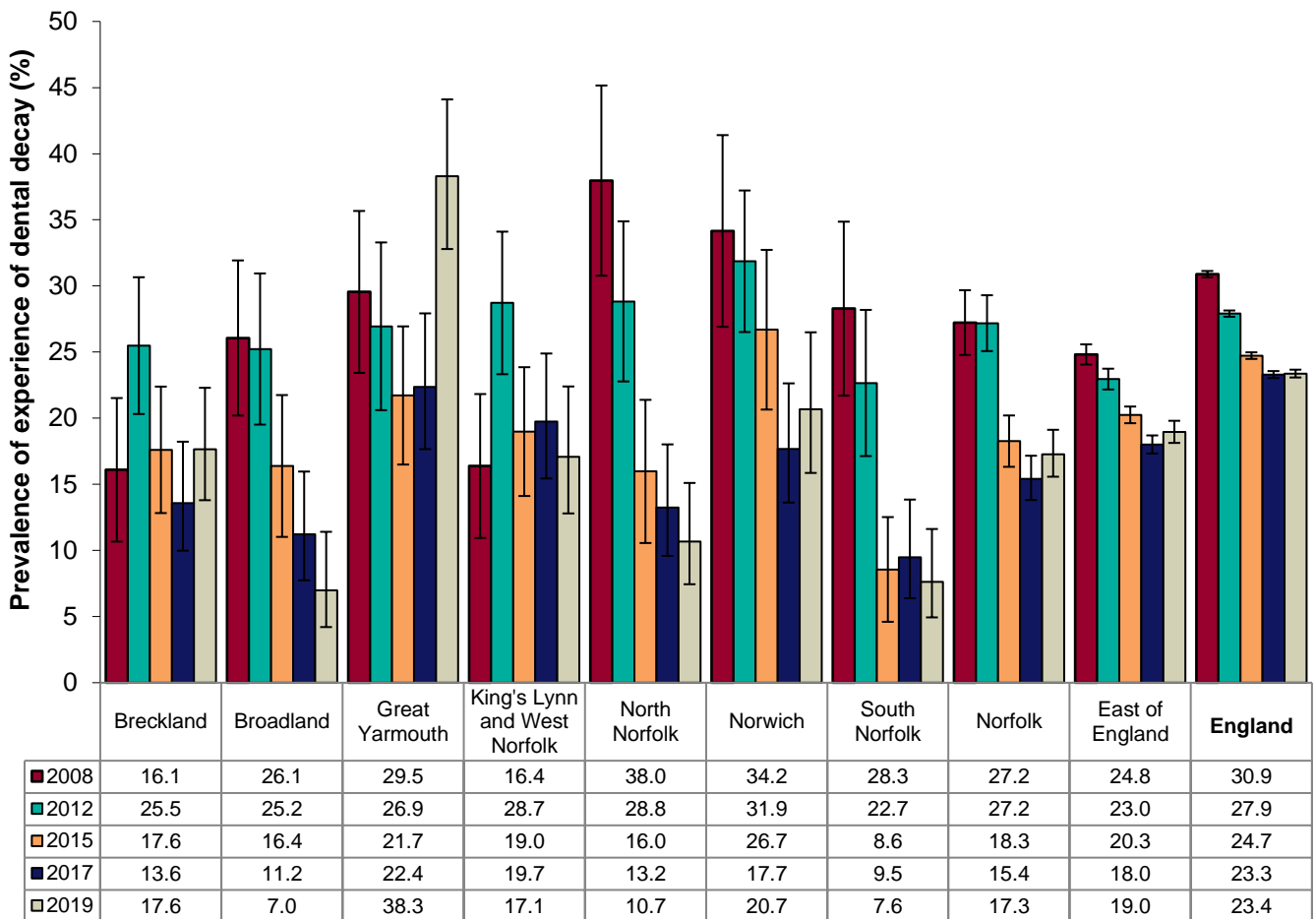
Error bars represent 95% confidence limits

**Figure 3:** Slope index of inequality in the prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in the East of England.



Error bars represent 95% confidence limits

**Figure 4:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Norfolk local authorities, the East of England and England, by year.

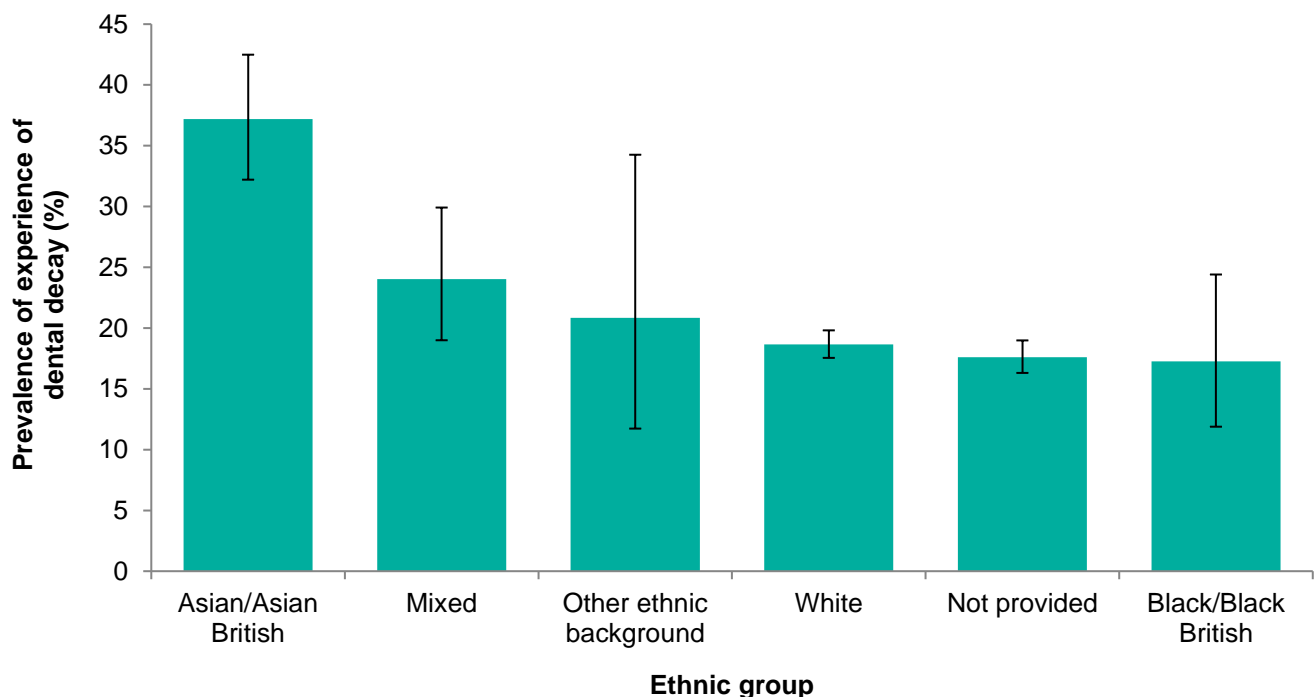


Error bars represent 95% confidence limits

**Table 3:** Experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in the East of England, by ethnic group.

Ethnic group	Number of children examined (N)	Prevalence of experience of dental decay (%)	Mean number of teeth with experience of dental decay among children with any experience of dental decay n (95% CI)	Prevalence of dental decay affecting incisors (%)
Asian/Asian British	336	37.2	4.2 (3.59 - 4.75)	12.8
Mixed	233	24.0	4.4 (3.54 - 5.28)	8.6
Other ethnic background	48	20.8	4.4 (2.37 - 6.43)	6.3
White	4,546	18.7	3.4 (3.17 - 3.56)	2.8
Not provided	3,118	17.6	3.1 (2.84 - 3.26)	3.2
Black/Black British	139	17.3	3.3 (2.24 - 4.43)	3.6
East of England	8,420	19.0	3.3 (3.21 - 3.48)	3.5

**Figure 5:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in the East of England, by ethnic group.

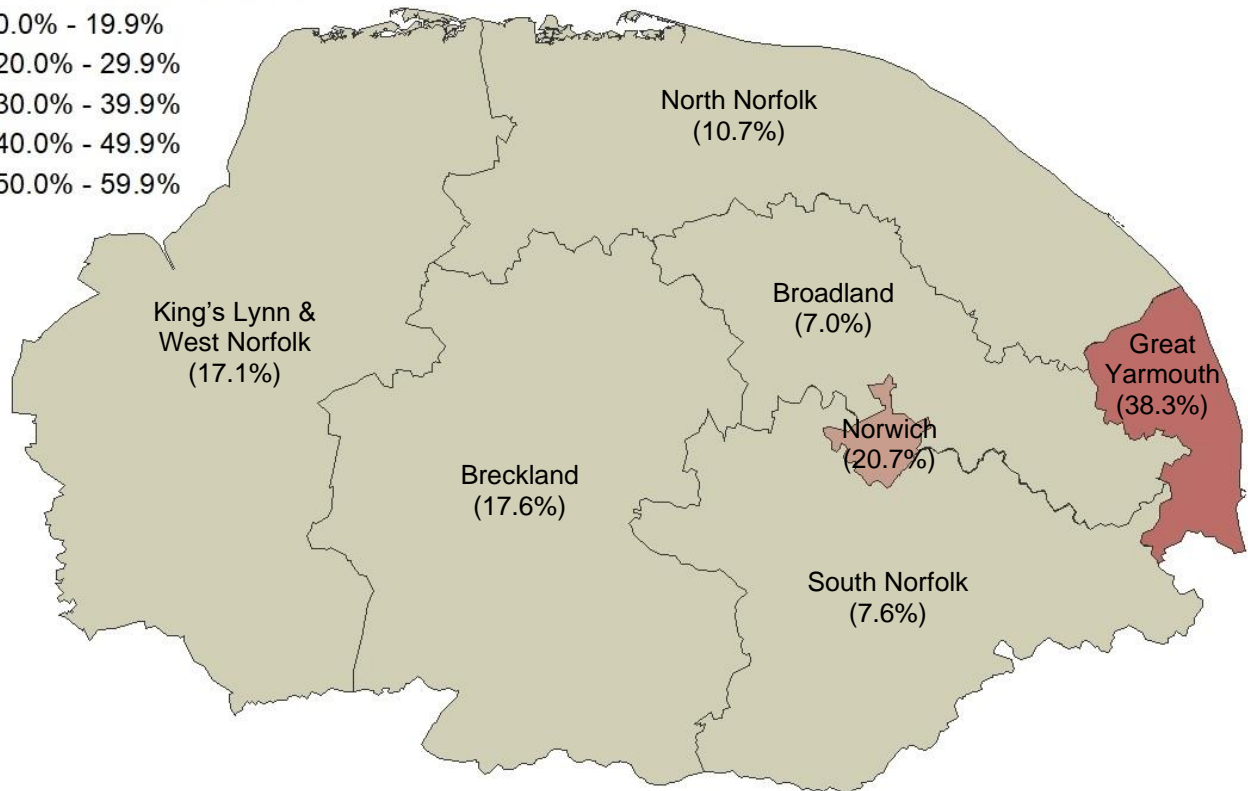


Error bars represent 95% confidence limits

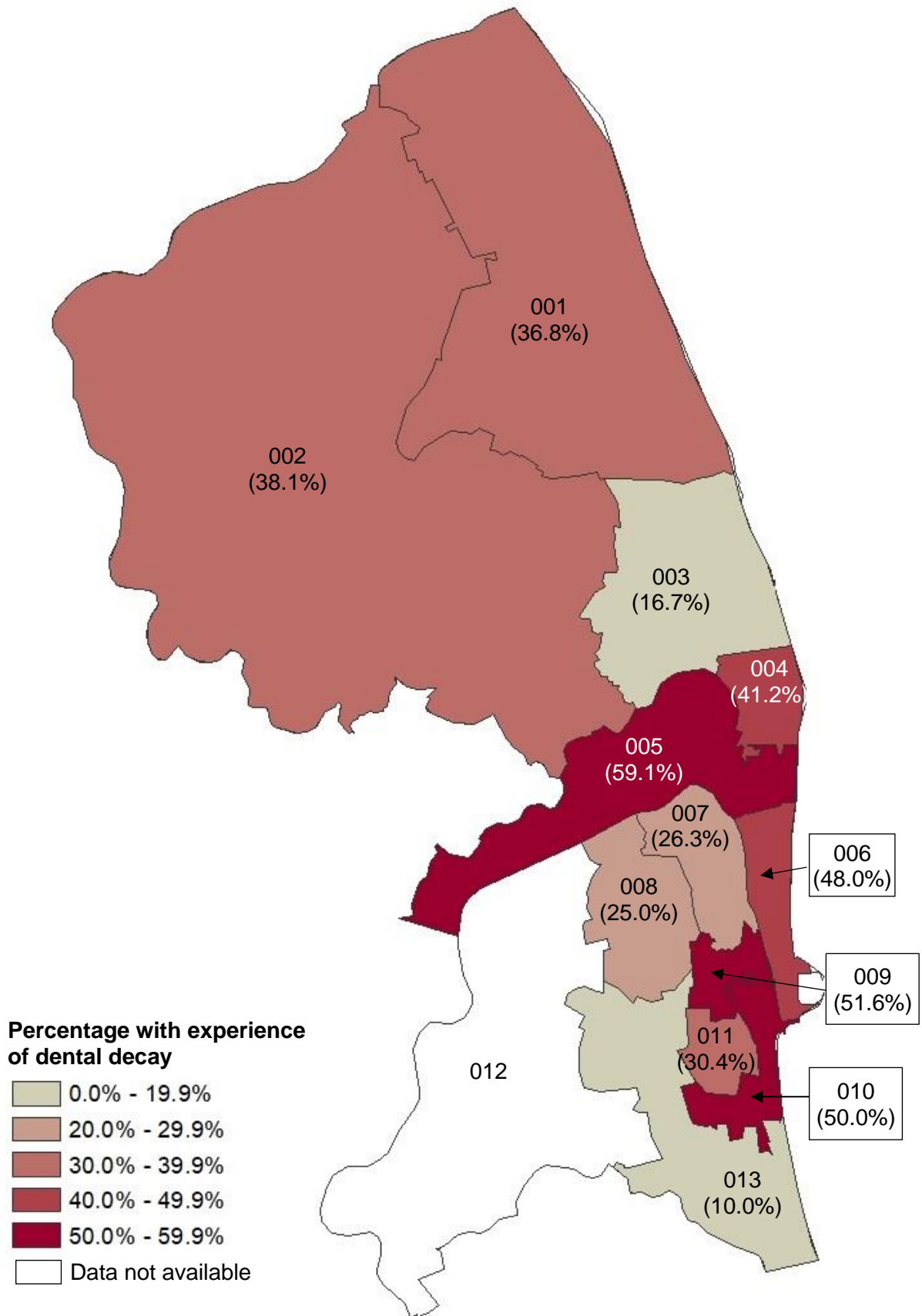
**Figure 6:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Norfolk, by lower-tier local authority, 2019.

**Percentage with experience of dental decay**

- 0.0% - 19.9%
- 20.0% - 29.9%
- 30.0% - 39.9%
- 40.0% - 49.9%
- 50.0% - 59.9%

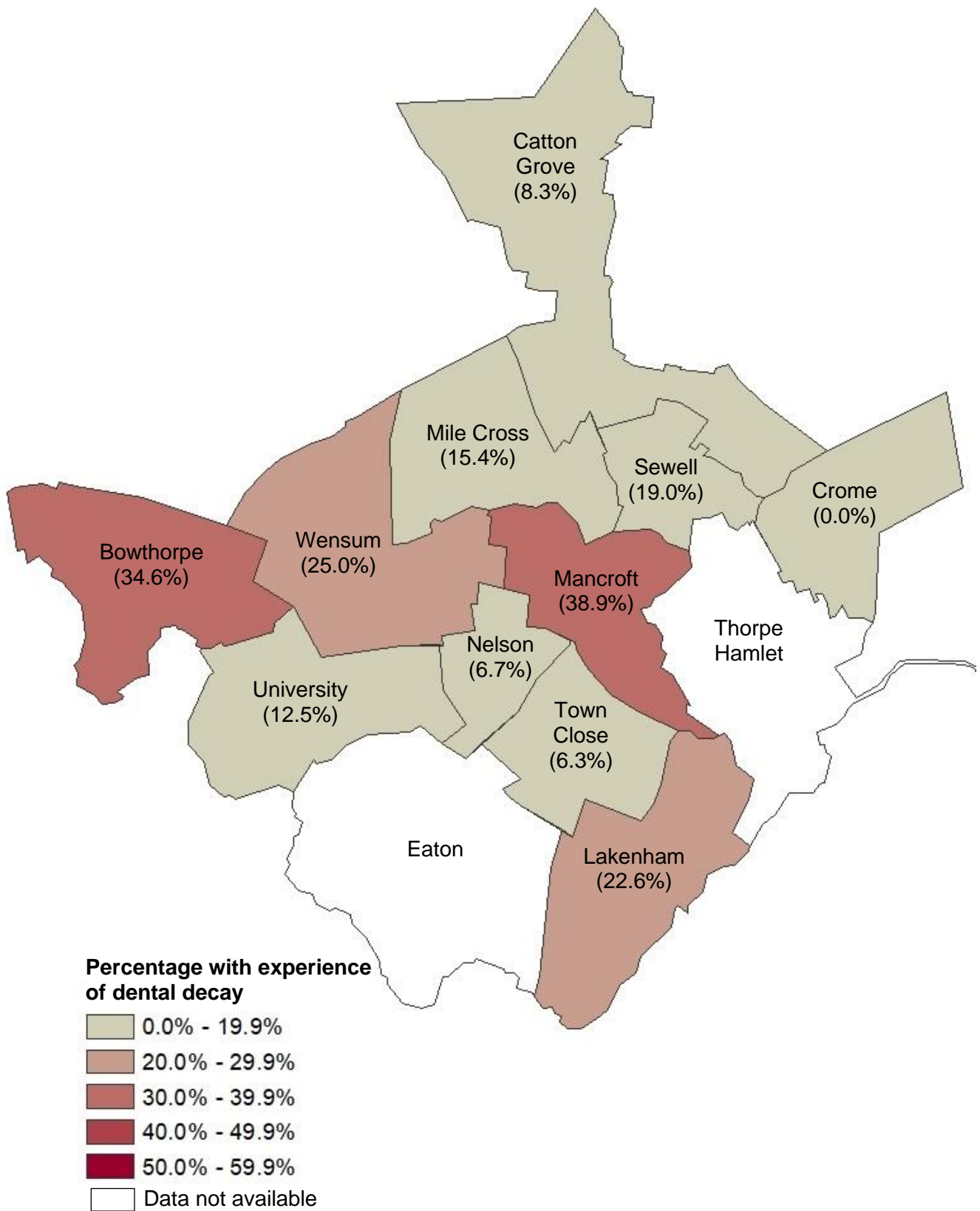


**Figure 7:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Great Yarmouth, by middle layer super output area, 2019.





**Figure 8:** Prevalence of experience of dental decay in 5-year-olds in Norwich, by ward, 2017.



## Summary

In Norfolk average levels of dental decay are lower than the average for England. Within Norfolk there are areas where there are higher than average levels of experience of dental decay. At lower-tier local authority level, children living in Great Yarmouth have the highest levels of experience of dental decay. Within Norfolk, the highest levels of experience of dental decay are clustered around the Norwich wards of Mancroft and Bowthorpe, and within the Great Yarmouth middle super output areas 005, 009 and 010.

The small sample sizes in some areas mean it is not possible to provide information at ward level. Future surveys could be commissioned to provide larger samples to facilitate local analysis. Commissioning High Quality Information to Support Oral Health Improvement: A toolkit about dental epidemiology for local authorities, commissioners and partners is available to support the commissioning of oral health surveys<sup>4</sup>.

Public health interventions can improve child oral health at a local level. Local authorities improving oral health: commissioning better oral health for children and young people is available to support local authorities to commission oral health improvement programmes for children and young people aged up to 19 years<sup>5</sup>.

If further local analysis is required, please contact the national dental public health team:  
[DentalPHIntelligence@phe.gov.uk](mailto:DentalPHIntelligence@phe.gov.uk)

## References

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